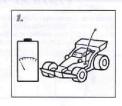
V. DHIEK FIRS

- When your vehicle starts to lose power, it may lose functions or performance. It's time for fresh batteries (or a recharge). Your vehicle's running time may change depending on your driving style.
- Radio interference can make your vehicle run badly. Interference can be caused by other R/C vehicles running on the same frequency; electrical wires; large buildings; or CB radios. Try to stay away from these!
- 3. Point your transmitter antenna up not down toward your vehicle. If your vehicle gets too far away, it won't work properly.
- 4. Don't drive your vehicle in sand or through water or snow. If your vehicle does get wet, wipe with a towel and allow to dry completely.
- 5. Don't store your vehicle near heat or in direct sunlight. Always turn switches OFF for storage.











VI. BATTERY INSTALLATION

1. VEHICLE

- You'll need a Philips screwdriver to get started. Please ask an adult to help with battery installation.
- NEVER operate your vehicle without the battery properly secured!
- Give your battery a full charge (see Section VII).
- Make sure vehicle and transmitter switches are turned OFF. Carefully unscrew the 2 screws that secure the battery compartment cover ("windshield"). Lift off the battery compartment cover.
- Unscrew the 2 screws that hold the battery shield. Carefully lift off the shield. Place the battery in the compartment and slide it all the way back. Replace the shield and tighten the screws. Plug the wire connectors from the battery into the battery compartment socket as shown (make sure the connection is secure).
- 4. Replace the battery compartment cover ("windshield") and tighten the screws.

Screws



Battery Shield







2. TRANSMITTER

- In Install one 9-volt battery with polarity (+/-) as shown inside battery compartment.
- The transmitter battery will last much longer than the run time of the rechargeable vehicle battery.

